

Dimethylammonium 4-nitrophenolate–4-nitrophenol (1/1)

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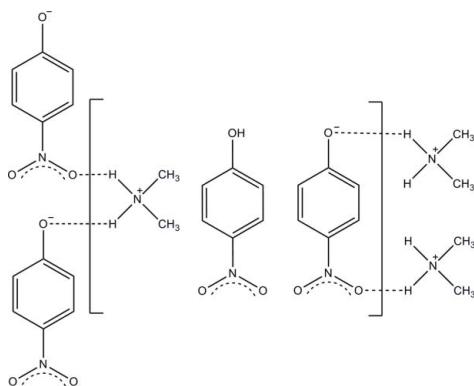
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.076; wR factor = 0.212; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.9.

The title compound, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_8\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NO}_3^-\cdot\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_3$, was synthesized from dimethylamine and 4-nitrophenol in an overall yield of 85%. The dihedral angles between the nphenyl rings and their attached nitro groups are 5.7 (6) and 2.5 (7) $^\circ$. In the crystal, there are strong hydrogen bonds between the ammonium group and the nitrophenol and nitrophenolate O atoms, and between the nitrophenol and nitrophenolate O atoms, forming a chain along the b -axis direction.

Related literature

For background to dielectric behaviour, see: Horiuchi *et al.* (2007); Kumai *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_2\text{H}_8\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NO}_3^-\cdot\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_3$	$V = 1576.5 (3)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 323.31$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 6.3185 (10)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 16.8867 (10)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$c = 15.1015 (14)\text{ \AA}$	$0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 101.928 (10)^\circ$	

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury2 diffractometer	15857 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrystalClear</i> ; Rigaku, 2005)	3617 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.960$, $T_{\max} = 0.977$	1474 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.134$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.076$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.212$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.00$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3617 reflections	
214 parameters	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N3—H3B \cdots O4 ⁱ	0.90	2.11	3.000 (4)	170
N3—H3C \cdots O1	0.90	1.82	2.704 (4)	165
O2—H1 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.91 (4)	1.64 (4)	2.548 (3)	175 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

This work was supported by a start-up grant from Southeast University.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: EZ2184).

References

- Horiuchi, S., Kumai, R. & Tokura, Y. (2007). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **46**, 3497–3501.
- Kumai, R., Horiuchi, S., Okimoto, Y. & Tokura, Y. (2006). *J. Chem. Phys.* **125**, 084715.
- Rigaku (2005). *CrystalClear*. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
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supplementary materials

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Dimethylammonium 4-nitrophenolate-4-nitrophenol (1/1)

J.-M. Xiao

Comment

Studying dielectric behavior is the basic method of characterization for potential ferroelectrics in which there is a dielectric anomaly at the transition temperature (Kumai *et al.*, 2006; Horiuchi *et al.* 2007). In our case, unfortunately, the title compound has no dielectric disuniformity between 80 K to 350 K (m.p. 381–365 K), however its structure is reported here.

In this report we have established unambiguously the structure of dimethylammonium 4-nitrophenolate-4-nitrophenol (1/1) in the solid state by X-ray diffraction analysis, as shown in Fig. 1. Intermolecular N—H···O, N—H···N and O—H···O hydrogen bonds are found between the dimethylammonium cation and 4-nitrophenolate anion and the 4-nitrophenolate cation and 4-nitrophenol molecule, forming a chain along the *b*-axis.

Experimental

The title complex was obtained by mixing dimethylamine water solution (33%, 0.68 g) and 4-nitrophenol (5 mmol, 0.695 g) in 15 ml ethanol, in the stoichiometric ratio 1:1. After a few weeks, yellow crystals were obtained by slow evaporation.

Refinement

All H-atoms were located from difference maps and those on N and C were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with (N—H = 0.90, C—H = 0.93 and 0.96 Å for aromatic, methyl H respectively) and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, where $x = 1.5$ for methyl H and $x = 1.2$ for all other H atoms. Atom H1 on atom O2 was refined isotropically.

Figures

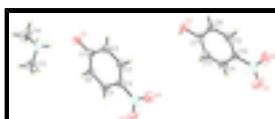


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

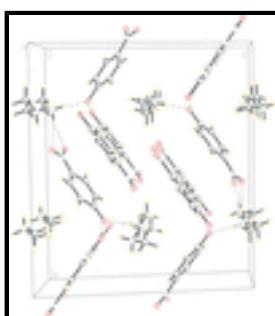


Fig. 2. A view of the packing of the title compound, stacking along the *a* axis. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds.

supplementary materials

Dimethylammonium 4-nitrophenolate–4-nitrophenol (1/1)

Crystal data

$C_2H_8N^+ \cdot C_6H_4NO_3^- \cdot C_6H_5NO_3$	$F(000) = 680$
$M_r = 323.31$	$D_x = 1.362 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 0 reflections
$a = 6.3185 (10) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.7\text{--}27.3^\circ$
$b = 16.8867 (10) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 15.1015 (14) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 101.928 (10)^\circ$	Prism, yellow
$V = 1576.5 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury2 diffractometer	3617 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1474 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 13.6612 pixels mm^{-1}	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.134$
CCD_Profile_fitting scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.960$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.977$	$k = -21 \rightarrow 21$
15857 measured reflections	$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.076$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.212$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.00$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0781P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3617 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
214 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.1166 (5)	0.16858 (18)	0.2568 (2)	0.0476 (8)
C2	-0.0163 (5)	0.13397 (19)	0.3106 (2)	0.0551 (9)
H2	-0.1503	0.1564	0.3115	0.066*
C3	0.0485 (6)	0.0682 (2)	0.3612 (2)	0.0622 (10)
H3A	-0.0433	0.0451	0.3946	0.075*
C4	0.2496 (6)	0.03589 (19)	0.3631 (2)	0.0541 (9)
C5	0.3856 (6)	0.06954 (19)	0.3122 (2)	0.0566 (9)
H5	0.5208	0.0474	0.3131	0.068*
C6	0.3216 (5)	0.13475 (19)	0.2612 (2)	0.0530 (9)
H6	0.4154	0.1575	0.2284	0.064*
C7	0.1727 (5)	0.15350 (19)	0.7572 (2)	0.0492 (9)
C8	-0.0224 (5)	0.1312 (2)	0.7775 (2)	0.0563 (9)
H8	-0.1464	0.1606	0.7553	0.068*
C9	-0.0337 (6)	0.0659 (2)	0.8302 (2)	0.0575 (9)
H9	-0.1655	0.0506	0.8431	0.069*
C10	0.1485 (6)	0.02359 (19)	0.8637 (2)	0.0499 (9)
C11	0.3448 (6)	0.0449 (2)	0.8463 (3)	0.0668 (11)
H11	0.4683	0.0156	0.8696	0.080*
C12	0.3560 (6)	0.1109 (2)	0.7933 (3)	0.0642 (11)
H12	0.4888	0.1267	0.7819	0.077*
C13	-0.0771 (7)	0.2605 (2)	-0.0167 (3)	0.0913 (14)
H13A	-0.0713	0.2802	-0.0758	0.137*
H13B	-0.1768	0.2918	0.0085	0.137*
H13C	-0.1244	0.2064	-0.0214	0.137*
C14	0.3086 (7)	0.2208 (2)	0.0111 (3)	0.0861 (13)
H14A	0.2750	0.1653	0.0100	0.129*
H14B	0.4451	0.2299	0.0514	0.129*
H14C	0.3168	0.2379	-0.0488	0.129*
N1	0.3125 (7)	-0.03649 (18)	0.4114 (2)	0.0694 (9)
N2	0.1366 (7)	-0.04734 (19)	0.9189 (2)	0.0692 (9)
N3	0.1396 (5)	0.26538 (15)	0.0422 (2)	0.0671 (9)
H3B	0.1793	0.3166	0.0478	0.081*
H3C	0.1310	0.2477	0.0976	0.081*

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O1	0.0540 (4)	0.23037 (12)	0.20599 (14)	0.0553 (7)
O2	0.1749 (4)	0.21762 (15)	0.70479 (17)	0.0650 (8)
O3	0.4907 (5)	-0.06544 (16)	0.4107 (2)	0.0896 (10)
O4	0.1846 (5)	-0.06924 (15)	0.45180 (19)	0.0896 (10)
O5	0.3015 (6)	-0.08400 (18)	0.9483 (2)	0.1126 (12)
O6	-0.0419 (5)	-0.06671 (15)	0.93146 (17)	0.0791 (9)
H1	0.313 (7)	0.233 (2)	0.704 (3)	0.104 (16)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.057 (2)	0.0400 (19)	0.045 (2)	-0.0029 (17)	0.0077 (17)	-0.0043 (16)
C2	0.061 (2)	0.048 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.0018 (18)	0.0225 (19)	-0.0010 (18)
C3	0.074 (3)	0.051 (2)	0.067 (3)	-0.007 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0028 (19)
C4	0.069 (2)	0.0402 (19)	0.053 (2)	0.0022 (18)	0.011 (2)	0.0003 (17)
C5	0.060 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.0070 (18)	0.012 (2)	-0.0058 (19)
C6	0.053 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.063 (2)	-0.0023 (17)	0.0166 (19)	0.0012 (18)
C7	0.052 (2)	0.0426 (19)	0.055 (2)	-0.0042 (17)	0.0154 (18)	-0.0032 (17)
C8	0.046 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.067 (2)	0.0017 (17)	0.0077 (19)	0.0025 (19)
C9	0.051 (2)	0.058 (2)	0.065 (2)	-0.0081 (19)	0.014 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C10	0.057 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.048 (2)	-0.0057 (18)	0.0156 (18)	0.0008 (16)
C11	0.055 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.087 (3)	0.0125 (19)	0.020 (2)	0.011 (2)
C12	0.054 (2)	0.057 (2)	0.086 (3)	0.0044 (19)	0.024 (2)	0.014 (2)
C13	0.099 (4)	0.077 (3)	0.088 (3)	-0.004 (2)	-0.004 (3)	0.014 (2)
C14	0.098 (3)	0.087 (3)	0.083 (3)	-0.012 (3)	0.041 (3)	-0.013 (2)
N1	0.102 (3)	0.046 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.0026 (16)
N2	0.089 (3)	0.055 (2)	0.065 (2)	-0.014 (2)	0.018 (2)	-0.0048 (17)
N3	0.102 (3)	0.0431 (17)	0.0586 (19)	-0.0083 (17)	0.022 (2)	0.0005 (15)
O1	0.0664 (16)	0.0450 (13)	0.0580 (15)	0.0080 (12)	0.0205 (12)	0.0035 (12)
O2	0.0596 (18)	0.0565 (16)	0.0798 (18)	-0.0041 (13)	0.0167 (15)	0.0149 (13)
O3	0.095 (2)	0.0640 (18)	0.110 (2)	0.0230 (17)	0.022 (2)	0.0174 (16)
O4	0.132 (3)	0.0583 (17)	0.087 (2)	0.0032 (17)	0.044 (2)	0.0174 (15)
O5	0.102 (3)	0.084 (2)	0.148 (3)	0.0146 (19)	0.018 (2)	0.054 (2)
O6	0.098 (2)	0.0679 (18)	0.078 (2)	-0.0276 (16)	0.0314 (17)	0.0043 (14)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—O1	1.307 (3)	C10—N2	1.471 (4)
C1—C6	1.405 (4)	C11—C12	1.382 (4)
C1—C2	1.410 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C3	1.362 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C13—N3	1.473 (5)
C3—C4	1.378 (5)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C3—H3A	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.387 (4)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C4—N1	1.436 (4)	C14—N3	1.462 (4)
C5—C6	1.357 (4)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C14—H14B	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C14—H14C	0.9600

C7—O2	1.343 (4)	N1—O3	1.229 (4)
C7—C12	1.376 (4)	N1—O4	1.239 (4)
C7—C8	1.382 (4)	N2—O5	1.214 (4)
C8—C9	1.371 (4)	N2—O6	1.226 (4)
C8—H8	0.9300	N3—H3B	0.9000
C9—C10	1.360 (4)	N3—H3C	0.9000
C9—H9	0.9300	O2—H1	0.91 (4)
C10—C11	1.368 (4)		
O1—C1—C6	121.1 (3)	C10—C11—H11	120.6
O1—C1—C2	121.7 (3)	C12—C11—H11	120.6
C6—C1—C2	117.2 (3)	C7—C12—C11	120.7 (3)
C3—C2—C1	121.0 (3)	C7—C12—H12	119.7
C3—C2—H2	119.5	C11—C12—H12	119.7
C1—C2—H2	119.5	N3—C13—H13A	109.5
C2—C3—C4	120.2 (3)	N3—C13—H13B	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	119.9	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	119.9	N3—C13—H13C	109.5
C3—C4—C5	120.0 (3)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C3—C4—N1	120.3 (3)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C5—C4—N1	119.4 (3)	N3—C14—H14A	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.1 (3)	N3—C14—H14B	109.5
C6—C5—H5	120.0	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.0	N3—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—C1	121.3 (3)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.3	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.3	O3—N1—O4	121.2 (3)
O2—C7—C12	122.9 (3)	O3—N1—C4	119.5 (4)
O2—C7—C8	117.9 (3)	O4—N1—C4	119.3 (4)
C12—C7—C8	119.1 (3)	O5—N2—O6	123.7 (3)
C9—C8—C7	120.2 (3)	O5—N2—C10	118.8 (4)
C9—C8—H8	119.9	O6—N2—C10	117.5 (4)
C7—C8—H8	119.9	C14—N3—C13	115.2 (3)
C10—C9—C8	119.8 (3)	C14—N3—H3B	108.5
C10—C9—H9	120.1	C13—N3—H3B	108.5
C8—C9—H9	120.1	C14—N3—H3C	108.5
C9—C10—C11	121.4 (3)	C13—N3—H3C	108.5
C9—C10—N2	120.0 (3)	H3B—N3—H3C	107.5
C11—C10—N2	118.6 (3)	C7—O2—H1	111 (3)
C10—C11—C12	118.7 (3)		
O1—C1—C2—C3	178.1 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N2	-178.9 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-3.0 (5)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.2 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C4	2.3 (5)	N2—C10—C11—C12	179.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.0 (5)	O2—C7—C12—C11	-179.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—N1	-175.7 (3)	C8—C7—C12—C11	2.4 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C7	-1.2 (5)
N1—C4—C5—C6	175.3 (3)	C3—C4—N1—O3	178.4 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.4 (5)	C5—C4—N1—O3	3.7 (5)
O1—C1—C6—C5	-178.5 (3)	C3—C4—N1—O4	-0.5 (5)

supplementary materials

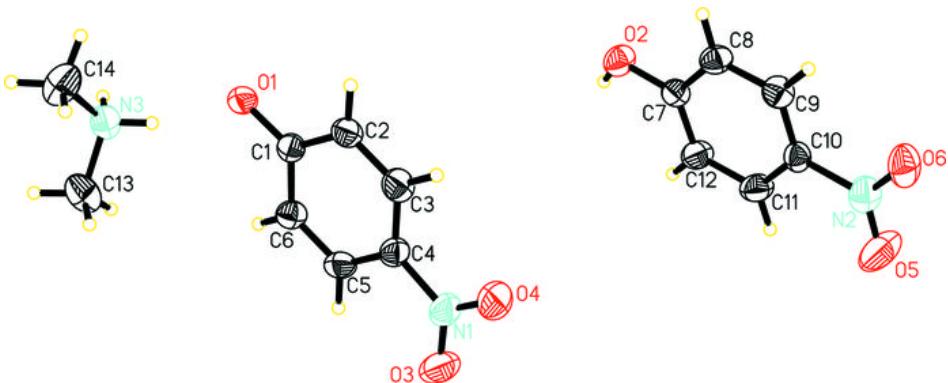
C2—C1—C6—C5	2.6 (5)	C5—C4—N1—O4	-175.2 (3)
O2—C7—C8—C9	179.5 (3)	C9—C10—N2—O5	-179.8 (4)
C12—C7—C8—C9	-2.3 (5)	C11—C10—N2—O5	1.0 (5)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.9 (5)	C9—C10—N2—O6	1.4 (5)
C8—C9—C10—C11	0.3 (5)	C11—C10—N2—O6	-177.9 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
N3—H3B···O4 ⁱ	0.90	2.11	3.000 (4)	170.
N3—H3C···O1	0.90	1.82	2.704 (4)	165.
O2—H1···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.91 (4)	1.64 (4)	2.548 (3)	175 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.

Fig. 1



supplementary materials

Fig. 2

